

REMARKS

Applicants have noticed a typographical error in the specification. The compound II.138, which appears on page 10 of the specification, misidentified the group R¹. R¹ should have been the group methylenecyclopropyl. This compound has now been canceled from the table on page 10 and reference to this compound has been deleted from Tables 1 and 2 on page 17 of the specification.

Attached to the present amendment is a Declaration of co-inventor Dr. Ammermann in which he sets forth tests that were carried out on the compounds Ia, Ib and Ic, along with the oxime ether identified as compound IIa. The examiner will note that the results of the tests clearly demonstrate that the compounds Ia, Ib, Ic and IIa exhibit synergism at different application rates.

Support for new claim 11 can be found in the table on page 10, i.e. deleted compound II.138, along with the description of preferred R¹ substituents which are found on page 5 of the specification. A preferred substituent is methylenecyclopropyl (see line 32).

Applicants elect to prosecute the mixture according to example 7, which represents a combination of compounds Ia and II.79. The examiner will note that compound II.79 is very similar to the compound now identified in the Declaration as compound IIa.

Favorable action on the application by the examiner is solicited.

Please charge any shortage in fees due in connection with the filing of this paper, including Extension of Time fees to Deposit Account No. 11-0345. Please credit any excess fees to such deposit account.

Respectfully submitted,

KEIL & WEINKAUF

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'H B Keil', written in a cursive style.

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VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE**IN THE SPECIFICATION**

Page 3, amend the paragraph on lines 32-36 as follows:

Haloalkyl is an alkyl group which is defined as above and is partially or fully halogenated by one or more halogen atoms, in particular by fluorine and chlorine. Preferably, there are 1 to 3 halogen atoms present, and particular preference is given to the [difluoromethane [sic]] difluoromethyl and the trifluoromethyl group.

Page 10, amend the table on lines 11-46 as follows (delete compound II.138):

No.	OX ¹	X ²	R ¹	R''	m.p. °C
II.119	CHF ₂	H	C ₂ H ₅	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	
II.120	CHF ₂	H	C ₂ H ₅	4-CH ₃ O-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	
II.121	CHF ₂	H	CH ₂ -CH=CH ₂	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	
II.122	CHF ₂	H	CH ₂ -C≡CH	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	
II.123	CHF ₂	H	CH ₂ -C≡CH	4-CH ₃ O-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	
II.124	CHF ₂	H	cPr	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	
II.125	CF ₃	H	cPr	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	
II.126	CHF ₂	H	cPr	4-F-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	75-77
II.127	CHF ₂	H	cPr	4-Cl-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	81-83
II.128	CHF ₂	H	cPr	4-CH ₃ O-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	57-59
II.129	CHF ₂	H	cPr	4-CF ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	
II.130	CHF ₂	H	cPr	2-thienylmethyl	oil
II.131	CHF ₂	H	cPr	3-thienylmethyl	oil
II.132	CHF ₂	H	cPr	pyrazolyl-1-methyl	
II.133	CHF ₂	H	cPr	4-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	
II.134	CHF ₂	5-F	CH ₂ -CH=CH ₂	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	

No.	OX ¹	X ²	R ¹	R ^{1'}	m.p. °C
II.135	CHF ₂	5-F	CH ₂ -CH=CH ₂	4-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	
II.136	CHF ₂	5-F	CH ₂ -C≡CH	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	
II.137	CHF ₂	5-F	CH ₂ -C≡CH	4-CH ₃ O-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	
[II.138	CHF ₂	5-F	cPr	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	62-65]
II.139	CHF ₂	5-F	cPr	4-F-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	64-67
II.140	CHF ₂	5-F	cPr	4-Cl-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	72-75
II.141	CHF ₂	5-F	cPr	4-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	74-76
II.142	CHF ₂	5-F	cPr	4-CH ₃ O-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	79-81
II.143	CHF ₂	5-F	cPr	4-CF ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	
II.144	CF ₃	5-F	cPr	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	
II.145	CHF ₂	4-F	cPr	C ₆ H ₅ -CH ₂	
II.146	CHF ₂	4-F	cPr	4-CH ₃ O-C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	
II.147	CHF ₂	H	cPr	4-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ -CH ₂	69-71

Page 13, amend the paragraph on lines 31-33 as follows:

Powders [[lacuna]] and materials for broadcasting and dusts can be prepared by mixing or jointly grinding the compounds I or II or the mixture of the compounds I and II with a solid carrier.

Page 16, delete the paragraph on lines 36-37.

Page 17, amend the tables shown on lines 1-41 as follows (delete Ex. 3C from Table 1 and Ex. 11-13 from Table 2):

Table 1:

Ex.	Active compound	Conc. in ppm	Efficacy in % of the untreated control
1C	without	(67% infected)	0
2C	Compound II.79	1 0.25	55 55
[3C	Compound II.138	0.6	65]
4C	Compound I.a (common name: fenpropimorph)	0.25	55
5C	Compound I.b (common name: fenpropidin)	0.25	55
6C	Compound I.c (common name: tridemorph)	1 0.25	0 0

Table 2:

Ex.	Mixture according to the invention (conc. in ppm)	Observed efficacy	Calculated efficacy*
7	0.25 ppm Ia + 0.25 ppm II.79	96	80
8	1 ppm Ic + 1 ppm II.79	85	55
9	0.25 ppm Ic + 0.25 ppm II.79	90	55
10	0.25 ppm Ib + 0.25 ppm II.79	93	80
[11	0.25 ppm Ia + 0.06 ppm II.138	100	84
12	0.25 ppm Ic + 0.06 ppm II.138	96	65
13	0.25 ppm Ib + 0.06 ppm II.138	25	84]

* Calculated using Colby's formula

IN THE CLAIMS

Amend claims 2-10 as follows:

2. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, where in the

compounds II, R¹ is C₁–C₄-alkyl or C₁–C₄-alkylene-C₃–C₇-cycloalkyl.

3. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, R² is phenyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, furyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl, and these radicals may be substituted by halogen, C₁–C₄-alkoxy or C₁–C₄-alkyl.

4. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, R³ or R⁴ are hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, thiomethyl or N-methymino.

5. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, X¹ is halo-C₁–C₆-alkyl, halo-C₁–C₆-alkoxy or halogen.

6. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, X² or X³ are hydrogen or halogen.

7. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, X⁴ is hydrogen, chlorine, fluorine, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy.

8. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, X⁵ is hydrogen, chlorine, fluorine, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy.

9. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, which is conditioned in two parts, where one part comprises one or more compounds I in a solid or liquid carrier and the other part comprises one or more compounds of the formula II in a solid or liquid carrier.

10. (amended) A method for controlling harmful fungi, which comprises treating the fungi, their habitat or the materials, plants, seeds, soils, areas or spaces to be protected against fungal attack with a fungicidal mixture as [claimed] defined in claim 1, where the compounds I and one or more compounds of the formulae II can be applied simultaneously, that is either together or separately, or successively.

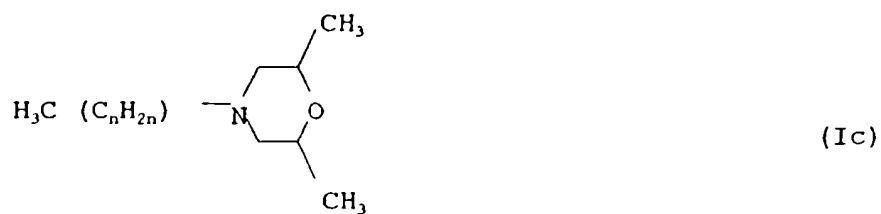
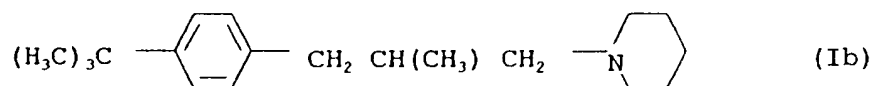
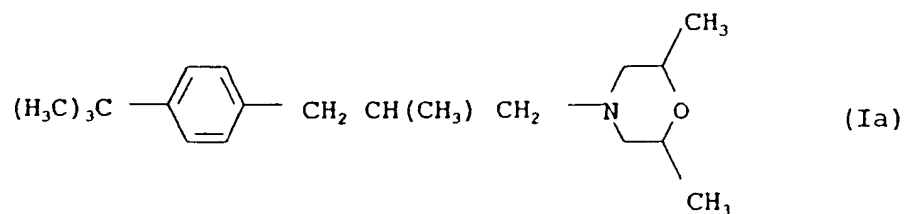
Add new claim 11 as follows:

11. (new) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, wherein in the compound of

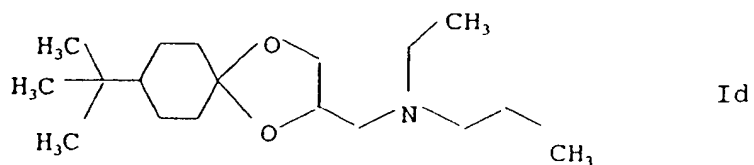
the formula II, R¹ is methylenecyclopropyl, X² is 5-F, X³, X⁴ and X⁵ are each H, R² is C₆H₅-CH₂ and R³ and R⁴ are each H.

COPY OF ALL CLAIMS

1. A fungicidal mixture, comprising as active components
 - a) a morpholine or piperidine derivative I selected from the group of the compounds Ia, Ib, Ic and Id

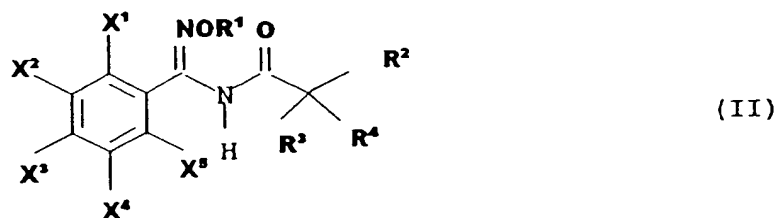


[n= 10, 11, 12 (60 - 70%) or 13]



and

b) compounds of the formula II



where the substituents X^1 to X^5 and R^1 to R^4 are as defined below:

X^1 is C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy or halogen;

X^2 to X^5 are, independently of one another, hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl,

C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy,

R^1 is C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkenyl, C_2 - C_6 -alkynyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl- C_3 - C_7 -cycloalkyl, where these radicals may carry substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, cyano and C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy,

R^2 is a phenyl radical or a 5- or 6-membered saturated or unsaturated heterocyclyl radical having at least one heteroatom selected from the group consisting of N, O and S, where the cyclic radicals may have one to three substituents selected from the group consisting of halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_2 - C_4 -alkenyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy- C_2 - C_4 -alkynyl, R^3 and R^4 are, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkyl, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 -alkylthio, N- C_1 - C_4 -alkylamino, C_1 - C_4 -haloalkyl or C_1 - C_4 -haloalkoxy

in a synergistically effective amount.

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2. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, R^1 is C_1 - C_4 -alkyl or C_1 - C_4 -alkylene- C_3 - C_7 -cycloalkyl.

3. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, R^2 is phenyl, thienyl, pyrazolyl, pyrrolyl, imidazolyl, thiazolyl, furyl, pyridazinyl or pyrimidinyl, and these radicals may be substituted by halogen, C_1 - C_4 -alkoxy or C_1 - C_4 -alkyl.

4. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, R^3 or R^4 are hydrogen, fluorine, chlorine, methyl, ethyl, methoxy, thiomethyl or N-methylamino.

5. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, where in the compounds II, X^1 is halo- C_1 - C_6 -alkyl, halo- C_1 - C_6 -alkoxy or halogen.

6. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, where in the compounds

II, X^2 or X^3 are hydrogen or halogen.

7. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, where in the compounds

II, X^4 is hydrogen, chlorine, fluorine, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy.

8. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, where in the compounds

II, X^5 is hydrogen, chlorine, fluorine, methoxy, ethoxy, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy.

9. (amended) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, which is conditioned in two parts, where one part comprises one or more compounds I in a solid or liquid carrier and the other part comprises one or more compounds of the formula II in a solid or liquid carrier.

10. (amended) A method for controlling harmful fungi, which comprises treating the fungi, their habitat or the materials, plants, seeds, soils, areas or spaces to be protected against fungal attack with a fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, where the compounds I and one or more compounds of the formulae II can be applied simultaneously, that is either together or separately, or successively.

11. (new) A fungicidal mixture as defined in claim 1, wherein in the compound of the formula II, R^1 is methylenecyclopropyl, X^2 is 5-F, X^3 , X^4 and X^5 are each H, R^2 is $C_6H_5-CH_2$ and R^3 and R^4 are each H.